16. Horizontal circulation				
Corri	dors and passageways			
16.1	Are corridor widths adequate for expected use?	[]		
16.2	Are circulation routes logical and reasonably direct?	[]		
16.3	Are corridor layouts replicated at each floor level, where appropriate?	[]		
16.4	Are corridors and passageways unobstructed?Are wall-mounted fittings recessed?Are potential obstructions adequately guarded?	[]		
16.5	Do corridors allow sufficient space for wheelchair users to turn and pass each other? • If not, are passing places provided at regular intervals? • Is there adequate space at corners and junctions for turning?	[]		
16.6	Are outward-opening doors recessed so as not to obstruct corridor width?If not, is the location and direction of door opening acceptable?	[]]		
16.7	Are corridor doors consistent along a route?	[]]		
16.8	Are corridor doors double-swing for ease of use in either direction?	[]		
16.9	Where corridors are narrow, are doors to adjacent areas wider to allow easier access?	[]]		
16.10	In sports buildings, do corridor widths take account of the increased width of sports wheelchairs?	[]		
Ope	n-plan areas			
16.11	Are circulation route widths adequate?Do they meet the guidelines for corridor widths?	[]		

16.12	 Are circulation routes clearly defined? Are floor finishes and textures used to define routes? Is artificial lighting used to highlight routes? Are dado rails provided along walls in areas used by large numbers of blind people as a guide and to locate tactile information? 	[]
16.13	Are furniture and displays kept clear of circulation routes?When layouts are altered, are circulation routes maintained?	[]
Aisle	s to fixed storage	
16.14	Are storage areas accessible to everyone?Are they clearly identified?	[]]
16.15	Is access direct and unobstructed?	[]]
16.16	Are aisle widths adequate?	[]]
16.17	Is side and frontal approach to storage available?	[]]
Chan	ges in level	
16.18	Are all internal circulation routes level?If not, are gradients as shallow as possible?	[]
16.19	 Are sloped surfaces clearly differentiated from adjacent level surfaces? Is there a level rest area for every 500mm rise where the gradient is between 1:60 and 1:20? 	[]
16.20	Are slopes with a gradient greater than 1:20 designed as a ramp? (See Internal ramps, steps and stairs, checklist 18)	[]
16.21	For changes in level greater than 300mm, are steps provided in addition to a ramp?	[]
16.22	Where corridors are divided into a sloping and level section, are exposed edges clearly identified?Are they protected by guarding?	[]

Surface finishes and lighting				
Is there effective visual contrast between wall, floor and ceiling surfaces?And between doors, door frames and wall surfaces?	[]			
Do wall and floor surfaces minimise light reflection?And sound reverberation?	[]			
Are bold geometric patterns in flooring avoided, as well as patterns resembling steps or a dark gap or hole?	[]			
Are there adequate levels of illumination to circulation routes?Are light fittings selected and positioned to avoid glare, shadows and silhouettes?	[]			
Is screening provided to windows positioned at the end of corridors?	[]			
General observations:				
	Is there effective visual contrast between wall, floor and ceiling surfaces? And between doors, door frames and wall surfaces? Do wall and floor surfaces minimise light reflection? And sound reverberation? Are bold geometric patterns in flooring avoided, as well as patterns resembling steps or a dark gap or hole? Are there adequate levels of illumination to circulation routes? Are light fittings selected and positioned to avoid glare, shadows and silhouettes? Is screening provided to windows positioned at the end of corridors?			